Diversity of the Troponin C Genes during Chordate Evolution¹

Hajime J. Yuasa,* Jos A. Cox,[†] and Takashi Takagi^{*,2}

*Biological Institute, Graduate School of Science, Tohoku University, Sendai, Miyagi 980-8578; and †Department of Biochemistry, University of Geneva, CH-1211 Geneva 4, Switzerland

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To elucidate the diversity of troponin C (TnC) during chordate evolution, we determined the organization of TnCs from the amphioxus, the lamprey, and the frog. Like the ascidian, the amphioxus possesses a single gene of TnC, and the fundamental gene structure is identical with the ascidian TnC. However, because alternative splicing does not occur in amphioxus, the potential for generation of TnC isoforms through this event arises only in the ascidian lineage. From the frog *Xenopus laevis*, two distinct cDNAs encoding fTnC isoforms and a single s/cTnC cDNA were determined. The duplication of the fTnC gene may be a character of only *Xenopus* or closely related species. The lamprey possesses two cDNAs each encoding fTnC and s/cTnC. The lamprey is the earliest diverged species among vertebrates, and thus it is supposed that the presence of both fTnC and s/cTnC is universal among vertebrate species, and that the gene duplication might have occurred at a vertebrate ancestor after the protochordate/vertebrate divergence. The position of the 4th intron is 3.24/0 in protochordate TnC genes, but at 3.11/2 in vertebrate fTnCs and s/cTnCs. It is suggested that the 4th intron sliding might have occurred prior to the gene duplication.

Key words: amphioxus, evolution, frog, lamprey, troponin C.

Muscle tissue is morphologically classified into two main types: striated muscle and smooth muscle. The contraction trigger of both types of muscle is identical, an increase in intracellular Ca^{2+} concentration, but the regulation systems of contraction are different. In general, striated muscle contraction is controlled by troponin complex, consisting of three protein components, troponin C, I, and T (TnC, TnI, and TnT). On the other hand, smooth muscle contraction is mainly regulated by calmodulin-dependent myosin light chain kinase, which phosphorylates the myosin regulatory light chain. These schemes appear to be universal for vertebrates muscles, as no exception has been observed.

TnC belongs to the EF-hand Ca^{2+} binding protein family and functions as the Ca^{2+} sensor of troponin complex. Two distinct isoforms of TnC, fast skeletal TnC (fTnC) and slow/cardiac TnC (s/cTnC), have been identified in mammalian and avian muscles. The former is expressed only in fast skeletal muscle, and the latter in both slow skeletal and heart muscles. These two TnC isoforms are encoded by independent genes, and the gene structures of these isoforms in human and mouse have been determined (1-4). In lower vertebrates, few sequences of TnC have been deter-

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mined: fTnC from the frog Rana esculenta (5) and the eel Anguilla anguilla (6), and s/cTnC from the salmon Oncorhynchus mykiss (7). Because the two TnC isoforms were isolated from bony fishes, it is supposed that the presence of the fTnC and s/cTnC is general for Osteichthyes. However, the isolation of both TnC isoforms from a single species of fish has not been reported. In addition, no data is available TnC from Chondrichthyes or Agnatha.

The invertebrate chordates (also called protochordates) are composed of two subphyla, Urochordata and Cephalochordata, and are the closest species to vertebrates. The ascidian, often called the sea squirt, is a sessile tunicate belonging to Urochordata, which undergoes a radical metamorphosis during development from a tadpole-like larva to a sessile adult. The ascidian possesses three different types of muscle tissue: monocellular striated muscle of the larval tail (8), multinucleate smooth muscle of the adult body wall (9, 10), and unicellular striated muscle of the adult heart (11). On the other hand, the amphioxus, belonging to Cephalochordata, does not undergo metamorphosis during development. Therefore, throughout life, the amphioxus possesses only one type of muscle, monocellular striated tail muscle (12).

The ascidian body wall muscle, although a smooth muscle, contains troponin complex that regulates muscle contraction as in striated muscle (13). Recently, we have isolated the cDNAs of two TnC isoforms from the ascidian *Halocynthia roretzi* and determined their genomic structure (14). These two isoforms, which are the products of differential RNA processing from a single gene, do not parallel those of higher vertebrates: one is larval TnC, expressed in larval striated muscle, and the other is adult TnC, present in heart muscle and body wall smooth muscle. The intron localization of the ascidian TnC gene is identical

¹ The determined nucleotide sequences have been submitted to the DDBJ under the accession numbers D88976 (*B. lanceolatum* TnC cDNA), D88977 (*B. floridae* TnC cDNA), D88978 (*B. lanceolatum* TnC genome), AB003078 (*X. laevis* fTnC α cDNA), AB003079 (*X. laevis* fTnC β cDNA), AB003080 (*X. laevis* s/cTnC cDNA), AB008555 (*E. japonicus* fTnC cDNA), and AB008556 (*E. japonicus* s/cTnC cDNA).

² To whom correspondence should be addressed. Tel: +81-22-217-6677, Fax: +81-22-263-9206, E-mail: ttakagi@mail.cc.tohoku.ac.jp

to that of the vertebrate s/cTnCs except for the 4th intron. We have also reported the primary structure of amphioxus TnC and its Ca^{2+} binding characterization (15). However, it is unknown whether the other TnC isoform is present in amphioxus.

In this study, we attempt to elucidate the diversity of TnC during chordate evolution by comparing the intron localization of TnC genes. First, we determine the TnC cDNAs from two species of amphioxus in different developmental stages, the adult of *Branchiostoma lanceolatum* and the larva of *B. floridae*, and the genomic structure of *B. lanceolatum* TnC. Second, we isolate the cDNAs of TnC isoforms from the lamprey *Entosphenus japonicus* and the frog *Xenopus laevis*. The positions of some introns of these TnC genes are also determined.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Cloning of Amphioxus Troponin C cDNAs and Genomic DNA—Total RNA of adult B. lanceolatum was prepared by the acid guanidium thiocyanate method (16), and mRNA was purified with an Oligotex dT-30 Super (Japan Roche). Single-stranded cDNA was synthesized using a First-Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit (Pharmacia). The cDNA library of B. floridae was constructed in λ ZAP II (Stratagene) using mRNA prepared from 2-4-day-old larvae (12). The 3'-half of B. lanceolatum TnC cDNA was amplified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) (17) using Ex Taq DNA polymerase (Takara). The redundant oligomer used for PCR was 5'-CARGARATGATHGARGARGTNGA-3', where R represents A and G; H, A, C, and T; N, A, C, G, and T. This was originally designed based on the amino acid sequence QEMIEEVD (residue 51-58) of ascidian TnC (18). This primer was also useful for amplification of amphioxus TnC, the corresponding sequence of amphioxus being QQMIDEVD (residue 57-64) (15). The oligo-dT adaptor 5'-GGGATCCGAATTCT17-3' was used as another primer.

The 5'-upstream stretch of cDNA was determined as follows. The *Eco*RI-ended double-stranded cDNA was synthesized from mRNA using a TimeSaver cDNA Synthesis Kit (Pharmacia). The *Eco*RI Cassette (Takara) was ligated each end of cDNA. The 5'-upstream region was amplified by PCR using cassette-specific primer C1, 5'-GT-ACATATTGTCGTTAGAACGCG-3', and R1 (Table I).

TABLE I. Primers used for amplification of *B. lanceolatum* TnC genomic DNA fragments.

Primers (positions for cDNA sequence)	Sequence
Sense primers	
F3(-33 to -14)	TCTGGCTGTCCGTGATAAAG
F4 (35 to 54)	TCAAGGAGGAGCAGATCTCC
F2 (239 to 258)	TGGCCAGGGCCATGCAGGAC
F1 (380 to 400)	ACTTGACAGATGATGAGCTCC
F5 (within intron 5 ^a)	cggcgagcctgatggtaaag
Antisense primers	
R6 (within intron 2 ^b)	cacgtgactgtgtcagcccg
R3 (274 to 293)	GCACGTAGCTCATCGTCGGG
R2 (423 to 442)	ACCTCCCGTCCCTGTTTCCG
R7 (475 to 494)	CTACCACCGGACCTTCAGTT
R1 (939 to 962)	ACTGGAGACCAGGTTTATTAAAGG

^aF5 corresponds to nt 6434 to 6453, within intron 5. ^bR6 corresponds to nt 2962 to 2981, within intron 2.

essent inACTATAGGG-3', and those for 5'-half amplification were
R2 and T3 primer, 5'-ATTAACCCTCACTAAAGGGA-3'
(Table I).rsity of
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evelop-
tum andThe *B. lanceolatum* genomic DNA used for PCR amplifi-
cation was prepared from a crude nuclei fraction, obtained
as the precipitate of muscle protein preparation (15), by
the conventional phenol-chloroform method. Several sets

the conventional phenol-chloroform method. Several sets of primers were used to amplify the genomic DNA fragment by PCR. The primers were designed based on the cDNA or genomic sequence of *B. lanceolatum* TnC as listed in Table I. The strategy of amplification of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene is shown in Fig. 3. All the amplified products were subcloned to pCR II plasmid vector (TAcloning kit, Invitrogen) or pUC18 for sequencing. The sequences of products were determined by the dideoxy chain termination method with Dye Primer Cycle Sequencing Kit (Applied Biosystems) using an automated DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems 373A).

The B. floridae TnC cDNA was also amplified by PCR

using a cDNA library as template. Primers used for 3'-half

amplification were F4 and T7 primer, 5'-TAATACGACTC-

Southern Hybridization—For Southern blot analysis, the genomic DNA was prepared from a single specimen of lyophilized B. lanceolatum by the conventional phenolchloroform method. To remove polysaccharides, the genomic DNA was loaded on a DEAE-cellulose column (1×0.5) cm) which was equilibrated with TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA), and the column was washed with 10 volumes of TE buffer. The genomic DNA was eluted with TE buffer containing 1 M NaCl and concentrated by ethanol precipitation. The restriction enzyme-digested genomic DNA was separated on 0.7% agarose gels and transferred to nylon membranes. For the probe DNA, the 527 bp TnC cDNA was labeled with DIG-DNA Labeling Mixture (Boehringer Mannheim) by PCR using primers F3 and R7 (see Table I). Hybridization and washing were carried out according to the manufacturer's instructions

TABLE II. Primers used for amplification of *Xenopus* and *Entosphenus* TnC cDNAs and genomic DNA fragments.

Primers (positions	Sequence
for cDNA sequence) ^a	
For Xenopus fΓnCα	
X f F1 $(-21 \text{ to } -4)$	AGCTCTGTGTCCATTGCC
X f F2 (272 to 291)	CGCAGGGAAAAAGTGAAGAG
X fα R1 (930 to 949)	GAGTAGGCAGCTCTCTAGAG
X f R2 (77 to 94)	GAGGAAGGACCTCGCATC
X f R3 (379 to 398)	TCATCTGTGATGCTCTCCCC
For Xenopus $fTnC\beta$	
X f β R1 (912 to 931)	GAGAGTGATGTGCACATCAG
For Xenopus s/cTnC	
X s/c F1 (266 to 285)	GCAAAGGAAAATCAGAAGAA
X s/c R1 (673 to 692)	ACTGTTAACAAAGAATTTCC
X s/c R2 (373 to 392)	TCTTCTGTAATTGTCTCTCC
For Entosphenus fTnC	
E f F1 $(-20 \text{ to } -1)$	ACAACCCCTTACCAAGTACC
E f F2 (278 to 297)	CGGCCGGCCAGACGGAGGAG
E f R1 (505 to 524)	TCGGTCCACGGTCCACCTGA
E f R2 (385 to 404)	AGGTCCGTGACGTTCTCGCC
For <i>Entosphenus</i> s/cTnC	
E s/c F1 (269 to 288)	GCAAGGGGGAAGTCAGAAGAG
E s/c R1 (490 to 509)	GGGTATACGGAAGATTCCCA
E s/c R2 (376 to 395)	TCGTCTGTGATGTCCTCCCC

^aThe primers named F are sense (forward) primers, and those named R are antisense (reverse) primers.

-49 CTTTTCTGTCTCGTTTTCTGGCTGTCCGTGATAAAGAAGTCCACCAAAC	-1
-19C	-1
\downarrow \downarrow	
<u>M</u> S D D Y V K A R V M F K E E Q I S E F K M A F D M F D E D	30
ATGTCGGACGACTATGTCAAGGCTCGGGTGATGTTCAAGGAGGAGCAGATCTCCGAGTTCAAGATGGCGTTTGACATGTTCGACGAGGAT	90
AA	90
<u>.</u>	30
G G G D I S T K E L G T I M K R L G M S I S R E E L Q Q M I	60
GCCGTGGTGACATCAGCACTAAGGAGTTGGGCACGATCATGAAGAGGCTGGGCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATC	180
ССССТСТСТ	180
	60
•	
DEVDEDASGTIDFEEFLEMMARAMQDSERE	90
GACGAGGTGGACGAGGACGCCAGCGGTACCATCGACTTCGAGGAGTTCTTGGAGAGATGATGCCCAGGGCCATGCAGGACAGTGAGCGTGAG	270
A	270
E G	90
•	
I P D D E L R A A F R V L D K N G D G F I D K D E F R A L A	120
ATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGAGTTCCGGGCCCTAGCA	360
AGAG	360
	120
	150
	450
	450
	150
	130
1	
EEWKEIIOELKVRW *	164
GAGGAGTGGAAAGAGATCATCCAGGAACTGAAGGTCCGGTGGTAGAAACTTCCAGCCGCCATCTTATCCGCCATCTTCAAAGCAACATAC	540
	539
L I *	164
AGCCTTCCGCATGCGCGAGGAAGTTCCTCACAGT-CCGGCGGGCC-TAGCTGACACCCGGCCGCTACAGACGACCTGACCACGGCCAAA	628
CTCC.CGTGAAGCATGGC.	628
CTAATTTCAGCTTTCTTTACGCCACTCTGCACTACAATCGTGTTTGTT	716
	704
·	
ACATTTAGAGATGCTTACATTTGTTAGGAAACGTGTAGGGATTGTTTCAGAAAAATCGTGTAATGACAGTTTGTATCGCCATTGTCATTG	806
CAGGGCC	794
TAATACTGCTGTACATACATAAGGAAACGAGACTTTTCCCGTTGAGTCTATTT-TTGTCTGTTATCGTACCTTTTCACCGAATGCTAGAA	895
AC.A	879
ATCUTATTIGTGAUGGAAGTAGCAGGATUCGGIGGGIUAAACTUCITT <u>AATAAA</u> CCTGGTCTCCAGTGA	964
CAAATTT–G. <u></u>	945

Fig. 1. Comparison of cDNA and derived amino acid sequences of *B. lanceolatum* and *B. floridae* TnCs. Upper, *B. lanceolatum* (adult) TnC cDNA and the deduced amino acid sequences; lower, *B. floridae* (larva) TnC cDNA and the deduced amino acid sequence. Identical nucleotides and amino acids to those in *B. lanceolatum* are

indicated by dots (.). Gaps are inserted for maximal similarity and shown by bars (-). The typical polyadenylation signal (AATAAA) is underlined. The N-terminal Met (also underlined) is removed after translation. The arrows indicate the positions of introns in *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene.

(Boehringer Mannheim), and the TnC gene was detected with a DIG Luminescent Detection Kit (Boehringer Mannheim).

Isolation of Lamprey TnC and Protein Sequence Determination—The lamprey fTnC was prepared from white muscle, and the sequences of the peptides digested with lysyl endopeptidase were determined as previously described (19).

Cloning of Frog and Lamprey Troponin C cDNAs and Partial Genomic DNA—Poly(A)⁺ RNA was independently purified from the white muscle and heart of the frog X. *laevis* and the lamprey E. *japonicus*, and the single-stranded cDNA was synthesized as described above. The 3'halves of Xenopus and Entosphenus TnC isoform cDNAs were amplified by PCR using the oligo-dT adaptor and the redundant oligomer 5'-GARTTYAARGCNGCNTTYGA-3', designed based on the consensus sequence among the vertebrates TnCs, EFKAAFE (1st-7th residues of site I, the first EF-hand site).

The 5'-upstream regions of Xenopus fTnC and s/cTnC cDNAs were amplified as in the case of amphioxus. The primers used were cassette-specific primer C1 and a nonredundant primer, X f α R1 (for Xenopus fTnC α cDNA), X f β R1 (for Xenopus fTnC β cDNA), or X s/c R1 (for Xenopus s/cTnC cDNA). The 5'-upstream regions of Entosphenus cDNAs were amplified by the 5'-RACE method (20). Reverse transcription was primed with E f R1 (for Entosphenus fTnC cDNA) or E s/c R1 (for Entosphenus s/cTnC cDNA) and the poly-A tail was added to the 3'-end of cDNA with terminal deoxynucleotidyl-transferase (Ta-kara). The PCR amplifications were performed with primer sets of oligo-dT adaptor and E f R2 (for Entosphenus fTnC cDNA). The primer sequences are listed in Table II.

The genomic DNAs of the frog and the lamprey were prepared from their white muscles by the phenol-chloroform method. The N-terminal coding region of *Xenopus* $fTnC\alpha$ was amplified by PCR with primers X f F1 and X f R2. The site III regions of the frog and the lamprey TnCs genes were also amplified by PCR using primer sets of X f F2 and X f R3 (for *Xenopus* $fTnC\alpha$ gene), X s/c F1 and X s/c R2 (for *Xenopus* s/cTnC gene), E f F2 and E f R2 (for *Entosphenus* fTnC gene), and E s/c F1 and E s/c R2 (for *Entosphenus* s/cTnC gene). The primers sequences and positions for cDNA are listed in Table II.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

cDNA and Genomic Structure of TnC from Two Species of Amphioxus—The cDNA of B. lanceolatum TnC was amplified by PCR and the complete cDNA sequence of 1,013 nucleotides was constructed from two overlapping fragments (Fig. 1). The open reading frame is composed of 495 nucleotides and encodes a protein of 163 amino acid residues as the initial Met is removed after translation (15). Several amino acid differences are observed as compared with previously reported B. lanceolatum TnC amino acid sequence (15); His replaces Leu at residue 134; Asp replaces Met at residue 138; and Glu replaces Asp at residue 139. These are probably caused by peptide sequencing error, because the cDNA sequence is identical to

Kb

23.1

Fig. 2. Southern blot analysis of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene. Genomic DNA prepared from a single specimen of lyophilized *B. lanceolatum* was digested with *Eco*RI and hybridized to the DIGlabeled TnC cDNA. Left, size markers in kb.

Fig. 3. Structure of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene and strategies used for PCR amplification of DNA fragments. a: *Eco*RI (E) cleavage sites. The fragment indicated by an asterisk may correspond to the band of 3.0 kbp detected by Southern blot analysis (Fig. 2). b: Exon/intron map of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene. Exons (Ex1-Ex6) and introns (In1-In5) are shown in boxes and thin bars, respectively. c: Strategies used for PCR amplification. The primers used for PCR are shown in Table I.



	100
gacccggatttagcatagttaggacagcgtgaattgtggccaaggttgtatgta	200
t cagaagt caga caatg ccaatg tag a cagtg tg g tata a c g g c g t t t c ta a a c t t a t a t c t a a t c g g g t t c t t g t a t c t c t a t c t c	300
${\tt gacttgcagtttgtagaattaatctgtaaccatagagaaacaaagactacgagtggtcattaatcctcaacatagaggttgagagtagaagcagcagcagatt$	400
${\tt ttaccqaqaqataatttccaqqqqataqtqatqtqatatcqtctcqqqaqatqccacaaatqtcaqctccqctattcacqqcatqqcqctaqcaqqcqccataqcaqqcqccataqcaqqcqccataqcaqcqcccatqcqqcqcqtqqcqcqcataqcqqcqcqqqcqcqqcqcqqcqcqcqqcqcqqcqcqqcq$	500
tatttggcactagagcacgacccccttggtcttcggttccatccttttgaacacatgcataactcttaaacggccttaacaagcatcgggacaaaactta	600
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ctctgctgtaagaatgcctcacatgtcaggggacactttggaatagcttgccattactgacgcaggcgcactacagtcagaccagaccaaactgaaaacca	1000
gtcactgaacggatagcaatgactagtaattgcatgatcatcttccactcgatctgttgtttatttcaatatggaaatacgggcaagatgaatatacaag	1100
accgcacatgctaatttcagttcgctacccgtCaacgcactaaaaaatcttcgtttgtttttcgaaaaaaaatgctgtttcttttaattgtagtttggt	1200
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$\label{eq:generalized_constraint} \begin{split} & G_{CATGAGCAGAGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAG$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800
$\label{eq:generalized_constraint} \begin{split} & G_{CATGAGCAGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGA$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4500 4500 4500 4500 4900
$\label{eq:generalized_constraint} \begin{split} & \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4500 4500 4800 4900 5000
$\label{eq:generalized_constraint} \begin{split} & \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4800 4900 5000 5100
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GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGAGGAGGACGAGGACGGtaagtctgtcccaactctctcagtgggaaatgcaacaccgt taatctgtgtttggcgtcaagattactacacaggctttagatttagtcctctatagtcaaagtgcttggtatccagacttgactcactgctgcagttt tcgagtctatcgagtatatttctatctgttaaca(CCAGCGGTACCATCGACTTCGAGAGTGTTCTGGAGATGATGGCCAGGGCCATGCAGGACAGTGA GCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGAACGAGGACTCCGG)ttagtcatggt taactttatcttacagcatgtttaactgccatccaggccgcgggggtatctgaatgtcatttccccgccagctcctaactaggagttgtttacacaggcga gaaaagtgagccttcccattatttggtgacaccaatgtgcttttggttgattga	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4500 4500 4500 4500 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300
$\label{eq:control} \hline GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGTGGACGAGGACG} taagtctgtccaactctcttcagtgggaaatgcaacaccgt taatctgtgtttggcgtcaagattactacacaggctttagatttagtcctctatagtcaaagtgcttggtatctcagacttgactcactgctgcagttt tcgagtctatcgagtatatttctatctgttaaca (CCAGCGGTACCATCGACTTCGAGAGTTCTTGGAGATGATGGCCAGGCCATGCAGGACAGTGA GCGAGATTCCCGACGAGAGCAGGAGATGCCTTCGAGAGATCCCGAGAGAGCGAGAGTGGTTCATCGACAAGGACGAGGTCCGGGttagtcatggt taactttactgtaactgccatcaggccgcgcggattctgaatgtcatttccccactgaggactggagtcttggtatcgaggagggggggg$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4500 4500 4500 4500 4800 4900 5100 5200 5300 5400
GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGTGGACGAGGACG tagtctgtccaactctttcagtgggaaatgcaacaccgt taatctgtgtttggcgtcaagattactacacaggctttagatttagtcctctatagtcaagtgcttggtatctcagacttgactcactgctgcagttt tcgagtctatcgagtatattttctatctgttaaca(CCAGCGGTACCATCGACTTCGAGGACTTCTTGGAGATGATGGCCAGGCCATGCAGGACAGTGA GCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGAGTTCCGG ttagtcatggt taactttatcttacagcatgtttaactgccatccaggccgcgcgattctgaatgtcatttccccactgaggatcgtagatacttggatacttggatactggcg gaaaagtgagccttcccatatattggtgacaccaatgtgctttggtgattgat	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300 5400 5600
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GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGTGGACGAGGACGJtaagtcgtcacactcttctcagtgggaaatgcaacaccgt taatctgtgtttggcgtcaagattactacacaggctttagattagtcctctatagtcaaagtgcttggtatccagacttggctcactgctgcagttt tcgagtctatcgagtatatttctatctgttaaca CCAGCGGTACATCGAGGAGGTCTTGGAGAGGATGATCGACGAGGAGATGGTTCTTGGAGATGATGGCCAGGGCCATGCAGGACAGTGA GCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTCATCGACAAGGACGAGTTCCGGJttagtcatggt taactttatcttacagcatgtttaactgccatccaggccgcggcgattctgaatgtcattttccccgccagctcctaactagagattgtttacacaggcg gaaaagtgagccttcccatatattggtgacaccaatggcttttggttgattga	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500
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$ \begin{bmatrix} CATGAGCATTCTCAGAGAGGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGTGGACGAGGACG \dagger taagtctgtccaaactcttttcagtgggaaatgcaacaccgt taatctgtgtttggcgtcaagattactacacaggctttagattagtcctcatagtcaaagtgcttggtatctcagacttgactcactgctgcagttt tcgagtctatcgagtatattttctatctgttaaca \\ \hline CCAGCGGTAGCATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTACCATCGACATGGACGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGACGTCCGG \\ \hline CCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGACGTCCGG \\ \hline CCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTACGTGCAGCCTTCAGGGTCTTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGAGATTCCGG \\ \hline CCGTGAGATTCCCGACGATGAGCTGCAGCCGTGAGCGTTCAGGGTCTGGACAAGAACGGAGATGGTTTCATCGACAAGGACGGAAGTGCCGGGAGGTGG \\ \hline CcccaaGCCCTAGCATCAGAGTGCGCCGGGGATGGACCTGACGACGAGGACGGAC$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 5000 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5500 55
$ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4500 4600 4700 4800 5000 5100 5200 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5600 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000
$\label{eq:starget} \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4500 4600 4700 4800 5000 5100 5200 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5600 5700 5600 5700 5600 5700 5600 5700 5600 5700 5600 5700 5600 5700
GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCACGATGATCGACGAGGAGGAGGGAG	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4500 4600 4700 4600 4700 4800 5000 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5500 55
$ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5700 5800 5700 6000 6100 6200 6300
GCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGGAGCTGCACGAGATGATCGACGAGGGAGG	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5700 5700 5700 57
BCATGAGCATCTCCAGAGAGCTGCAGCAGATGATCGACGAGGTGGAGGAGGGLaagttgttggctcaagttggtatctaggttgggaattgaacacggtttt tcgagttatcgggttaaggttactacacagggtttgggtttggttgg	3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300 5500 5500 5500 5500 5500 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500

that of the genome (see below). These amino acid changes do not effect the Ca^{2+} -binding motif.

The cDNA of B. floridae TnC is composed of 964 nucleotides and the open reading frame is 495 nucleotides. encoding a protein of 164 amino acid residues including the initial Met, the same number as in B. lanceolatum TnC as shown in Fig. 1. The nucleotide sequence of these two cDNAs is 90% identical and, within the coding regions, there are 23 nucleotide substitutions reflecting 4 amino acid differences. These substitutions seems to have no effect on Ca²⁺ binding, suggesting that both TnCs can bind three Ca²⁺ per molecule (15). In the case of ascidian, two isoforms of H. roretzi TnC, the larval and adult types, are produced by alternative splicing (14). However, in amphioxus TnCs, the substitutions are not restricted to a particular region. suggesting that alternative splicing has not occurred. Thus these nucleotide and amino acid substitutions are supposed to result from a species difference, and the same TnC might be expressed in larval and adult amphioxus. These results seem to reflect the fact that ascidian undergoes metamorphosis during development, but amphioxus does not.

Preparation of the genomic DNA was prepared by the phenol-chloroform method produced an unacceptably high level of contamination by polysaccharides, and the genomic DNA was not digested with restriction enzymes. The polysaccharides were removed by passing the preparation through a DEAE-cellulose column, but the amount of recovered genomic DNA was less than 1/10. This made it difficult to perform Southern analysis of EcoRI-digested genomic DNA, and the probe hybridized with only a single band (Fig. 2, ca. 3.0 kbp). This fragment seems to correspond to nucleotide positions 3541-6478 (Fig. 3a, indicated by the asterisk). According to the restriction enzyme map (Fig. 3), another fragment containing exons 1 and 2 should be detected. However, the length of exons 1 and 2 is relatively short, and the probe might not hybridize with the fragment under our conditions. Though Southern blot analysis of DNA digested with other restriction enzymes was not performed, no other band suggesting the possible existence of another TnC gene was observed. In addition, on each reaction of genomic PCR, only a single product derived from TnC gene is amplified. Thus the TnC gene seems to be

present in a single copy in the genome of amphioxus.

Figure 4 shows the nucleotide sequence of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene, which was constructed from five overlapping fragments separately amplified by PCR as shown in Fig. 3. The genomic structure shows that it is composed of 8,101 bp and divided in 6 exons by 5 introns. All introns start with gt and end with ag, and according to the nomenclature of Kretsinger and Nakayama (21), the intron positions are -17/0, 1.01/1, 2.13/1, 3.24/0, and $4.21/1.^3$ There is no sequence discrepancy in the overlapping regions, and the nucleotide sequences of exons are exactly identical with that of cDNA. No exonic sequence is observed within intron 2 and 3, suggesting that alternative splicing does not occur.

cDNAs of TnC Isoforms from the Frog. X. laevis-From the white muscle of the frog X. *laevis*, two distinct cDNAs encoding fTnC were detected. The longer isoform, named $fTnC\alpha$, is composed of 1,090 nucleotides, and the shorter isoform, named $fTnC\beta$, is composed of 801 nucleotides (Fig. 5a). Both cDNAs encode a protein of 163 amino acid residues, and the difference in length between them lies mainly in the length of the 3'-noncoding regions. The deduced amino acid residues of $fTnC\alpha$ and $fTnC\beta$ are identical except that residue Arg-102 of $fTnC\alpha$ is changed to Cys-102 in $fTnC\beta$. This substitution does not effect the Ca²⁺-binding motif. These isoforms show higher homology with each other than with the fTnC of another species of frog, R. esculenta (5), suggesting that the gene duplication might have occurred only in X. laevis or the ancestor of closely related species to Xenopus. In the genus Xenopus,

³ The positions of introns are indicated according to the nomenclature of Kretsinger and Nakayama (21). The first number indicates the number of the EF-hand site sequentially numbered from N to C. The second number (following the period) shows the number of the residue within the site, which is generally constructed from 29 residues. The last number (following the slash) is phase: 0 means the intron lies between triplet codons, 1 means between first and second nucleotides of the codon, and 2 means between second and third. For example, 4.21/1 means site IV, 21st residue and phase 1; -17/0means phase 0, 17 residues before the beginning of site I; 3+01/1means phase 1, 1 residue beyond site III, within the region between site III and IV.

```
ccacaggaatttcagtccacaggatgataactcaagaatgcctgaacggattgtcttcatattttttaggtgggcaggtctttgtgagacctcaaaatga 6600
ttagactttggcccccctggcaacattctatggcagtgcagcggaacttccgcttttaaaatctcgtgttctgaacgtgctatggtcatgattcttttag 6700
tttattggtagatactcttgggaaggaaaataagtcatgtaagtttttggggccccctagcggcttttttggaactgtagaagctgattttgtttcaatt 6800
ttqaaaaqaataactaaaqaaaqqqttqacagatcqtcatcatttttqqtttataqataacqtaaqcaatqqtttacataatcatacatcatttttqcaa 6900
atcagtatctcatttgcatgattgatggggaaggtttataaatctgctgcattccattataggactcaaacacgttacatatgtaattgaaaaagagatg 7000
aatatcgatagatatcaatcatgcgaacgaatacctaatctgcataatcaattccatagtggtaaatgacggggatttcattcttgcagcatttggaaga 7100
\texttt{taaqtaaatqtqqqacattattaqacataaatcatqcatatqaaqqcctcatttacataqtttatqaqqaaatqatacaataqcttttcttqctaaqacaa \ 7200
ggctttcgaactttgaacacgtgttatttagtagagaaggtgatcaactgatatgatttatgcaaatgagattcttatttgcatgtgtgctaaqaaaatg 7300
aaaacactaaccgagaccatcgtcgccatggcaacgtccttttacgttgccaatcttgtttgggttgtttttcttgtttcaagtcatcttgtttgcctt 7400
\tt ttatgtgcgcaaggtatcatttttgtgctcaaaccaagaggtctgatttggaattagaaggtgtgactgcagtcatgactgccgacatctaacttgc~7500
{\tt tgcatgtgtgttcaataccttcttcctaatccctctacaatccactgtgatatttcagaatgattaatcaccagcacaatgctcctgttacaq {\tt AGTGGAA}
                                                                                                 7600
AGAGATCATCCAGGAACTGAAGGTCCGGTGGTAGAAACTTCCAGCCGCCATCTTATCCGCCATCTTCAAAGCAACATACAGCCTTCCGCATGCGCGAGGA
                                                                                                 7700
7800
ACAATCGTGTTTGTTTTGAACTTTATTTTGTCTAGATTGTGTATTATAGTTTAATACATTTAGAGATGCTTACATTTGTTAGGAAACGTGTAGGGATTGT
                                                                                                 7900
TTCAGAAAAAATCGTGTAATGACAGTTTGTATCGCCATTGTCATTGTAATACTGCTGTACATAAGGAAACGAGACTTTTCCCCGTTGAGTCTATTTTT
                                                                                                 8000
GTCTGTTATCGTACCTTTTCACCGAATGCTAGAAATCCTATTTGTGACGGAAGTAGCAGGATCCGGTGGGTCAAACTCCTT<u>TAATAAACCT</u>GGTCTCCAG
                                                                                                 8100
                                                                                                 8101
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Fig. 4. Nucleotide sequence of the *B. lanceolatum* TnC gene. The exons are indicated by capital letters and boxed. The sequences of introns are shown in lower-case letters.

1185

(a)

-41 TGGACATAGTGTTGTGACAGAGCTCTGTGTCCATTGCCACC	-1
-41	-1
Ļ	
M A Q P T D Q Q D A R S F L S E E M I A E F K A A F D M F	30
ATGGCACAGCCTACAGATCAGCAACAAGATGCGAGGTCCTTCCT	90
G	90
	30
D T D G G G D I S T K E L G T V M R M L G Q T P T K E E L D	60
GACACTGATGGTGGCGGTGACATCAGCACCAAGGAGTTGGGAACTGTCATGAGGATGTTGGGACAGACCCCAACCAA	180
T	180
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	60
	00
	270
	270
	90
ł	
A Q G K S E E E L A E R F R I F D K N A D G Y I D G E E L A	120
GCGCAGGGAAAAAGTGAAGAGGAGTTGGCTGAGCGCTTCCGCATTTTTGACAAGAATGCCGATGGGTACATTGATGGTGAGGAGTTAGCT	360
	360
	120
E I L R S S G E S I T D E E I E E L M K D G D K N N D G K I	150
GAAATCCTCCGTTCCTCAGGGGAGAGCATCACAGATGAGGAGATTGAAGAGGCTTATGAAAGATGGAGACAAAAACAACGATGGCAAAAATT	450
Тт	450
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	150
DFDEFLKMMEGVO*	163
GACTTTGATGAGTTCCTGAAGATGGAGGTGTGGAAGGTGTGCGAATAAGCAGTAGGACATTCCTCTGGAGGCGTTCTGACGCCCAAACTGTACATTAC	540
A	540
*	163
ACTGCGTCTTACATACTTTTCAGGAAGGGGCAAGTCACCCTGCTCTTTTCCTGTACCTCCCACAATCATCCTTGCTTCTGATGTGCACAT	630
ТСС	010
CACTCTCCACAGCCAACTTGCATCTTGCAGAGAACCTCTTAATTCACCGTTTACTCTCAGACTTTCCACCCTTTGCATTTTTCTCTGTAT	720
	720
TTCTGACATATGTTATTTATAAGAAAAAATACAAAGTGACCATTAAAACTATTAGTGAACCTTTATTATGTGTGGGCTGCATTCATAG	810
ATCCAn	787
AAACTCCCGATCTAGCTGTGGTACAAAGCAAATGTCGCAGTACTTTTTTGCTCAACTCTTTTTAAAAACAGCAATTATAGTTTTGGGG	900
CACAGCAGATAATGGCTACCCCCATATGCCACTCTAGAGGGGCTGCCTACTCTGCCTAGTAGTAACACAGTGGAAAGCACTAATATTTTG	990
CATATCCGTTATTTTACATTCTTACATTTCAGCATGTA <u>AATAAA</u> AGGGTGATGAATTTTGAn	1051

Fig. 5a

polyploid species are commonly observed (22), and the presence of two fTnC isoforms may arise from allelic variants of the pseudotetraploid X. *laevis*. The first intron of the fTnC α gene is composed of 439 bp, and inserted at -18/0 (6 bp downstream from the initiator ATG, data not shown). The intron inserted within site III coding region is composed of 138 bp, and positioned at 3.11/2 (data not shown), the same position as the mammalian and avian TnC genes.

The Xenopus s/cTnC cDNA was isolated from heart muscle and found to consist of 1,528 bp (Fig. 5b). The open reading frame is composed of 486 nucleotides and encodes a protein of 161 amino acid residues. This is the same length as the mammalian and avian s/cTnCs. The other cDNA encoding the s/cTnC isoform was not detected. The intron within the site III coding region is composed of 1,242 bp and inserted at 3.11/2 (data not shown).

cDNAs of TnC Isoforms from the Lamprey E. japonicus—The cDNA of the E. japonicus fTnC was isolated from the white muscle and found to consist of 892 nucleotides (Fig. 6a). The open reading frame is composed of 504 nucleotides and encodes a protein of 167 amino acid residues. The lamprey fTnC is four residues longer than the avian and frog fTnCs, and the longest of all known vertebrate TnCs (Fig. 7). Two of four additional amino acid residues are located at the N-terminus, and the other two residues at the C-terminal end. As in the other vertebrate TnC genes, the intron positioned at 3.11/2 (ca. 1.8 kbp, data not shown) is also inserted in the Entosphenus fTnC gene. (b)

																				-	22	С	TCC	TGA	CCA	GCA	TCA	CTT	ACA	-1
ATG	GAT	IGAT	TAT	TAC	:AAI	AGCA	GCC	GTI	GAA	CAA	CTI	ACA	GAA	GAG	САА	ААА	ААТ	GAG	TTC	AGG	GCA	.GCC	TTC	GAC	ATT	TTC	GTG	САА	GAC	90
м	D	D	I	Y	ĸ	A	A	v	E	Q	L	т	E	E	Q	ĸ	N	E	F	R	A	A	F	D	I	F	v	Q	D	30
GCT	GAP	AGAT	GGC	TGC	AT	rage	ACC	AAG	GAA	CTG	GGG	AAG	GTC	ATG	AGA	ATG	CTG	GGG	CAG	ААТ	ccc	ACC	сст	GAG	GAG	TTA	CAG	GAA	ATG	180
A	Ε	Ð	G	с	I	s	т	ĸ	Ε	L	G	ĸ	v	м	R	м	L	G	Q	N	P	Т	Ρ	Ê	Ε	L	Q	E	M	60
ATA	GAT	GAA	GTG	жат	GA	AGAT	GGG	AGT	GGC	ACG	GTA	GAT	TTT	GAT	GAG	TTC	TTG	GTT.	ATG	ATG	GTC	CGG	IGT.	ATG	ААА	GAC	GAC	AGC	ААА	270
r	D	E	v	D	E	D	G	м	G	т	v	D	F	D	E	F	L	v	м	м	v	R	с	м	к	D	D	s	ĸ	90
															ţ															
GGA	ААА	TCA	GAA	GAA	GA	ATTA	TCA	GAC	CTT	TTC	CGA	ATG	TTT	GAC	ААА	аат	GCA	GAT	GGC	TAC	ATT	GAC	TTG	GAT	GAG	CTG	AAA	ATG	ATG	360
G	K	s	E	Е	Е	L	s	D	L	F	R	м	F	D	ĸ	N	A	D	G	Y	I	D	F	D	E	L	ĸ	м	м	120
CTT	GAA	GCT	'AC'I	GGA	GAC	IACA	ATI	ACA	GAA	GAT	GAC	ATT	GAG	GAA	CTG	ATG	CGA	GAT	GGG	GAT	ААА	AAC	AAT	GAT	GGC	AGG	ATT	GAT	ТАТ	450
L	E	A	т	G	E	т	I	T	Е	D	D	I	Ê	E	L	м	R	D	G	D	ĸ	N	N	D	G	R	I	D	Y	150
GAT	GAA	TTT	сто	GAA	TTO	ATG	AAG	GGA	GTT	GAA	таа	ATG	TGA	GAT	GTT	AAC	TTC	TGC	CGG.	AGC	CAT	GCC		ccc	CAC	CTG	CAT	ААТ	GAA	540
D	Е	F	L	Е	F	м	ĸ	G	v	E	*																			161
TTT	GGG	ATT	TTC	TAT	тал	ATA	TGA	ACA	TAA	ATG	АТА	AAT	ACA	GAA	TAC	AAC	AGG	GGT.	ATT	GTC	ccc	TAC	AGC	rgr	тат	TAA	ACT	ACT	ACT	630
TCC	AGG	TTA	AAC	ATT	CCI	GGT	GTA	CAC	АТА	TCG	ACT	GAT.	АТА	AGC	CTC.	АСТ	TTC	TAT	GGA	AAT	TCT	TTG	FTA	ACA	GTA	AGG	GCC.	AAT	ATG	720
TCA	GCC	CTT	ATG	CTT	TC/	AAG	GGC	ATC	CTC	AGT	GAG	CCA	CCA	AGG.	AGA	AAT.	ACC	TGC	TCC	TCC.	AGC	AGA	IGA'	rgg	CTG.	ATA	GCT	CAC	ATT	810
GTC	CIG	TGC	ACA	AGA	GTI	'ATA	CTG	TGT	ACA	TAG	TAT	TTT	GTA	GAC	IGT	TTT	AAA	GTA	TTA	GAG	TTG	AAG	IGT	AAT	GGC	TGCI	ATA.	ATC	CTG	900
CTA	АТА	AAG	CAC	TGT	TAT	ACT	CTA	CTC	ATC	CTC	GGC	TAC	CCA	AAC	ATA	ACA	rcc	TTA	GTG	TAC	TGA.	AAT.	ITG	AGT	TGA	GCA	ACA'	ICT	GAT	990
GGG	CCI	CCA	GTI	TTA	TGA	CAC	ATG	GGA	GGG	ACT	TAT	CAC	таа	ATA	GGA	GTG	GTT	TAT	GTG	CAT	AAC	TGG	'ATC	rGG	CTT	GTT.	ſAG	FIC	IGG	1080
GTG	rgg	CCT	TGG	GTA	GTI	GGG	GTG	TAG	TCA	TAT	CTC	CTT	AAT	GTT	CAC.	ATT	FTA	CAA	AGC	AGA	CAG	CCT	IGG	ATC	CAG	GCA	CAA'	r r r	ТАА	1170
TTC	AGA	ATA	AGA	СТА	AGI	ATA	TGT	AAA	AAG	ССТ	TAC	TCC'	TGA	CAT	TAA	ccc.	ATT	CAT	GGC	TGA.	AGA	GTT	CAG	AAG	AAG	TACI	AT.	ACT.	AAA	1260
TGC	AAG	TGT	TAC	AGT	GGI	CCG	GAC	AAG	TGC	CTT	CAC	TCC	TTT	GTG	CTA	TTT	TTA	AAC	ATT	TTT	CTA	AAA	CG	PPT	GAC.	ATT	rrg	IGC	CCA	1350
AAT	AAC	CAG	TCC	ATG	GCA	TAA	TTC	TAT	TTG	CTT	IGT	GAC	CTT	TTG(CTT	TTA	AAT	GTA/	AAT	CGG	IGA	AAA'	IGI	GCA	AAA	CAA	CAT	AT	rgg	1440
TGG	CAT	CAA	ATG	CTG	TCA	CAC	IGT	GIC	TAT	TAA	TTT	GCT,	AAT.	<u>AAA</u>	CTT	GTT	I'GA	AAG.	FTC:	IGI	GCA	n								1506

Fig. 5. cDNA and derived amino acid sequences of the X. laevis TnCs. a: Upper, X. laevis fTnC α cDNA and the deduced amino acid sequences; lower, X. laevis fTnC β cDNA and the deduced amino acid sequence. Identical nucleotides and amino acids to those in fTnC α are indicated by dots (.). Gaps are inserted for maximal similarity and shown by bars (–). The typical polyadenylation signal (AATAAA) is underlined. The arrows indicate the positions of introns. b: X. laevis s/cTnC cDNA and the deduced amino acid sequences. The arrow indicates the position of an intron.

The cDNA encoding the lamprey s/cTnC was isolated from the heart muscle and found to consist of 1,346 bp (Fig. 6b). The lamprey s/cTnC is composed of 162 amino acid residues, possessing an additional residue at the N-terminus as compared with the other vertebrate s/cTnCs (Fig. 7). For the lamprey s/cTnC gene, we were unable to amplify the site III coding region.

Evolution of the TnC Genes and Intron Mobility—From the above results, it is fairly certain that the protochordates possess a single TnC gene, while vertebrate species appear to possess two TnC isoforms. The constructed phylogenetic tree (Fig. 8) also suggests that the TnC gene duplication might have occurred in a vertebrate ancestor after the protochordate/vertebrate divergence. On the other hand, the duplication of the 3rd exon and expression of isoforms by alternative splicing might be a feature of the ascidian lineage.

The distributions of introns in the TnC genes of amphioxus, ascidian (14), and mammals (1-4) are listed in Table III. The positions of introns 2, 3, and 5 (placed at 1.01/1, 2.13/1, and 4.21/1) are identical in all genes. The first introns of amphioxus and mammal fTnCs are inserted at -17/0, and s/cTnCs and ascidian TnC are at -10/0. However, in the case of s/cTnCs, the first intron is located 7 residues downstream of the initiation Met, but in the ascidian TnC, as the N-terminal amino acids are deleted compared to other TnCs (Fig. 7), the position of -10.0 is just after initiation codon ATG. The insertion of the first intron just after initiation codon is a common feature of the TnC superfamily (23), such as calmodulins (24-26), myosin essential light chains (27-31) and Spec (32, 33, also see Table IV). Therefore, the position of the first intron of the ascidian TnC is assumed to be identical with the amphioxus and mammal fTnCs. The N-terminal region (before site I) does not directly participate in Ca²⁺ binding, and some insertion/deletion may be permitted provided a flame sift or stop codon does not occur. The mechanism of the sliding of first introns may be junctional sliding (34), the reassignment of a single upstream or downstream splice junction.

On the other hand, intron 4 is placed at 3.24/0 in two protochordate TnCs, and at 3.11/2 in vertebrate fTnCs and s/cTnCs. Thus intron 4 of TnC may have originally been placed at 3.24/0 and have slid to 3.11/2 during the evolution from protochordate to vertebrate. The gene duplication might have occurred following this slide.

The intron positions of TnC superfamily genes are listed in Table IV. As mentioned before, the first introns of TnC superfamily genes are generally inserted at just after the initiation codon. The positions of intron 2 (1.01/1) and 1188

(a)

			-76	5 A	CTC	AGG	саа	GAA	GGI	TTO	SAGO	AGC	TAG	scc	GTC	CTG	AGI	GTI	GGI	raga	AAI	CAA	GAC	AAC	ccc	CTT2	ACC #	AGI	ACC	-1
ATY	nc.	C.M.	GAG		cco		GAG	GCA	CAG	CAC	GAT	GCT	CGT	GCC	TAC	стс	AAC	GAA	GAA	CAG	ATC	GCT	GAG	TTC	AAG	GCT	IGCO	TTC	GAC	90
M	G	D	E	v	A	T	E	A	Q	H	D	A	R	A	Y	L	N	E	E	Q	I	A	E	P	K	A		F	D	30
ATC	TTC	GAC	GCG	GAC	GGT	GGC	GGT	GAC	ATC	AGO	ACC	AGC	GAG	сто	GGC	AAG	GTG	ATG	AAG	CTG	CTG	GGA	CAG	AAC	ccc	ACC	AAG	GAG	GAG	180
м	F	D	A	D	G	G	G	D	I	s	т	s	E	L	G	ĸ	v	м	ĸ	L	L	G	Q	N	P	т	ĸ	E	E	60
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CTG	GAC	GCC	ATC	ATT	GAG	GAG	GTG	GAC	GAG	GAI	ccc	AGC	œc	ACC	ATC	GAC	TTC	GAG	GAG	TTC	CTG	GTG	ATG	ATG	GTG	CCC	CAG	ATG	AAG	270
L	D	A	I	I	E	E	v	D	E	D	G	s	G	Т	I	D	F	E	E	F	L	v	м	м	v	R	Q	м	K	90
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GAG	GAG	TCG	GCC	GGC	CAG	ACG	GAG	GAG	GAG	TTG	GCA	GAG	œc	TTC	CGC.	ATC	CTC	GAC	ACG	AAC	GGC	GAT	GGC	TAC	ATC	GAI	rccc	GAT	GAG	360
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CIG	AAG	GAC	ATC	CIG	CIG	AAC.	ACG m	GGC	GAG	AAC	GIC	ACG	GAC	C1-1	GAG	AIG	GAT	GAG	CIG	AIG	AAG	GAT	GGG	GAC	AAG	IAAC	rige	GAC	GGG	450
·	ĸ	D	T	ц	ц	И	т	G	Е	N	v	т	U	Ъ	E	n	U	E	L	m	r	D	G	D	ĸ	м	C	D	G	120
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CGT	CIG T	GAC		GAC	GAG	TIC	vig TG	AAG V	AIG	MIG	elfich T	660	AIC	GC1	800	ICT:	1.04	TCA	661	GGA	çÇG	166	ACC	GAC	TCT	ree	CUA	lian.	cee	167
ĸ	п	U	r	U	Б	r	ч	r	n	м	c	G	1	A	A	э	-													107
CCT	TCC		ረግጥል	አጥጥ	~~~	CTC	אבית		ണ	~~ 2		ሮሞሞ	CIIC	тет	CTC	5 5 CI	202	m 227	הממ	220	~~~	እርጥ	m	س ت که	m ~~~	0.00		TYTY:	rac.	630
CAT	100	CTA	TAC T			ACC	220		ACT	con	CUL		91C 777C	101	CIG		ACA	100	acc	TA A	ссс стт	707.	ነው። እጥጥ	100		222	ATC	2000	CAG	720
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(b)																													
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ATC	GCG	GAA	GAC	GTG	сат	AGA	cco	GCC	GTA	GAG	CAG	CTG	ACG	GAA	GAG	CAA	ААА	ААА	GAA	TTC	ccc	GCC	GCC	TTT	GAC	ATC	TTC	GTG		90
ATG M	GCG A	GAA E	GAC D	GTG V	GAT D	AGA R	GCG A	GCC A	GTA V	GAG E	CAG O	CTG L	ACG T	GAA E	GAC E	CAA O	AAA K	AAA K	GAA E	TTC F	CGG R	GCC A	GCC A	TTT F	GAC D	ATC I	TTC F	GTG V	0	90 30
ATC M	GCG A	gaa E	GAC D	GTG V	GAT D	AGA R	GCG A	GCC A	GTA V	gag E	сас Q	CTG L	ACG T	gaa E	GAG E	Q Q	AAA K	AAA K	gaa E	TTC F	CGG R	GCC A	GCC A	TTI F	GAC D	ATC I	TTC F	GTG V	Q	90 30
ATG M GAC	A A GCC	GAA E GAG	GAC D GAT	GTG V GGC	GAT D TGC	AGA R ATC.	GCG A AGC.	GCC A ACC	GTA V AAG	GAG E GAG	сас Q стс	CTG L GGG	ACG T AAG	GAA E GTG	GAG E CTG	CAA Q CGA	AAA K ATG	AAA K TTG	GAA E GGG	TTC F	CGG R AAC	GCC A CCC	GCC A TCG	TTT F CCA	GAC D GAC	ATC I GAG	F F	GTG V CAG	Q GAG	90 30 180
ATC M GAC D	GCG A GCC A	GAA E GAG E	GAC D GAT D	GTG V GGC G	GAT D TGC C	AGA R ATC. I	GCG A AGC. S	GCC A ACC T	GTA V AAG K	GAG E GAG E	CAG Q CTG L	CTG L GGG G	ACG T AAG K	GAA E GTG V	GAG E CTG L	CAA Q CGA R	AAA K ATG M	AAA K TTG L	GAA E GGG G	TTC F CAG Q	CGG R AAC N	GCC A CCC P	GCC A TCG S	TTT F CCA P	GAC D GAC D	ATC I GAG E	TTC F ECTC	GTG V CAG Q	Q GAG E	90 30 180 60
ATC M GAC D	GCG A GCC A	igaa E Igag E	GAC D GAT D	GTG V GGC G	GAT D TGC C	AGA R ATC. I	AGC.	GCC A ACC T	GTA V AAG K	gag E Gag E	CAG Q CTG L	CTG L GGG G	ACG T AAG K	GAA E GTG V	GAG E CTG L	CAA Q CGA R	AAA K ATG M	AAA K TTG L	GAA E GGG G	TTC F CAG Q	CGG R AAC N	GCC A CCC P	GCC A TCG S	TTT F CCA P	GAC D GAC D	ATC I GAG E	F F CTC L	GTG V CAG Q	Q GAG E	90 30 180 60
ATG M GAC D ATG	GCG A GCC A ATT	igaa E Igag E Gac	GAC D GAT D GAG	GTG V GGC G GTG	GAT D TGC C	AGA R ATC. I GAA	GCG A AGC. S GAT	GCC A ACC T GGC	GTA V AAG K AGC	GAG E GAG E GGC	CAG Q CTG L	CTG L GGG G GTG	ACG T AAG K GAC	GAA E GTG V TTC	GAG E CTG L GAG	CAA Q CGA R GAG	AAA K ATG M PTC	AAA K TTG L CTC	GAA E GGG G ATC	TTC F CAG Q ATG	CGG R AAC N ATG	GCC A CCC P GTG	GCC A TCG S CGC	TTT F CCA P AGC	GAC D GAC D ATG	ATC I GAC E	TTC F CTC L	GTG V CAG Q GAG	Q GAG E AGC	90 30 180 60 270
ATC M GAC D ATC M	GCC A GCC A ATT I	KGAA E KGAG E KGAC D	GAC D GAT D GAG E	GTG V GGC G GTG V	GAT D TGC C GAC D	AGA R ATC. I GAA E	GCG A AGC. S GATA D	GCC A ACC T GGC G	GTA V AAG K AGC S	GAG E GAG E GGC G	CAG Q CTG L ACC T	CTG L GGG G CTG V	ACG T AAG K GAC D	GAA E GTG V TTC F	GAG E CTG L GAG D	CAA Q CGA R GAG E	AAA K ATG M PTC F	AAA K TTG L CTC L	GAA E GGG G ATC I	TTC F CAG Q ATG M	CGG R AAC N ATG M	GCC A CCC P GTG V	GCC A TCG S CGC R	TTT F CCA P AGC S	GAC D GAC D ATG M	ATC I GAC E AAA K	TTC F CTC L GAG E	GTG V CAG Q GAG E	Q GAG E AGC S	90 30 180 60 270 90
ATC M GAC D ATC M	GCC A GCC A ATT I	IGAA E GAG E GAC D	GAC D GAT D GAG E	GTG V GGC G GTG V	GAT D TGC C GAC D	AGA R ATC. I GAA E	GCG A AGC. S GAT D	GCC A ACC T GGC G	GTA V AAG K AGC S	GAG E GAG E GGC G	CAG Q CTG L ACC T	CTG L GGG G GTG V	ACG T AAG K GAC D	GAA E GTG V TTC F	GAG E CTG L GAG D	CAA Q CGA R GAG E	AAA K ATG M ITC F	AAA K TTG L CTC L	GAA E GGG G ATC I	TTC F CAG Q ATG M	CGG R AAC N ATG M	GCC A CCC P GTG V	GCC A TCG S CGC R	TTT F CCA P AGC S	GAC D GAC D ATG M	ATC I GAC E AAA K	ETTC F CTC L GAG E	GTG V CAG Q GAG E	Q GAG E AGC S	90 30 180 60 270 90
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC	GCC A GCC A ATT I GGG	GAG E GAG E GAC D	GAC D GAT D GAG E	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG	GCG A AGC. S GAT D	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC	CAG Q CTG L ACC T	CTG L GGG G CTG V CGC	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG	GAA E GTG V TTC F	GAC E CTG L GAC D GAC	CAA Q CGA R GAG E	AAA K ATG M PTC F	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT	GAA GGG G ATC I GAC	ATG M	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC	GCC A CCC P GTG V ATC	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG	GAC D GAC D ATG M GAG	CATC I CGAC E CAAA K K	ETTC F CTC L GAG E	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG	Q GAG E AGC S GTG	90 30 180 60 270 90 360
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K	GCC A GCC A A TATT I GCC G	GAA E GAG E GAC D AAG K	GAC D GAT D GAG E TCA S	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG E	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG. L	ACC A ACC T G G ACC S	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y	CTG L GGG G CTG V CGC R	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAC D	CAA Q CGA R GAG E AAAI K	AAA K ATG M ITC: F AAC: N	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G	GAA GGG G ATC I GAC D	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGCC G	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y	GCC A CCC P GTG V ATC I	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG L	GAC D GAC D ATG M GAG E	EATC I CAAC E CAAA K CAAC E	ETTC F CTC L CAG E E CTC L	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K	GCG A GCCC A ATTT I GGGG G	igaa e gag b gac d aag k aag k	GAC D GAT D GAG E TCA S	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA	GAT D TGC. C GAC D GAG E	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG. L	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F	GAC E CTG L GAC D GAC D	CAA Q CGA R GAG E AAAA K	AAA K ATG M ITTC F AAC N	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y	GCC A CCCC P GTG V ATC I	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG L	GAC D GAC D ATG M GAG E	ATC I GAG E KAAA K GAG E	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC	GCG A GCCC A ATT I GGG G G CTG	KGAA E GAG E GAC D K AAG K K CAC	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC.	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG E SGG	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG GAG	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG L GAC.	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AACC	GTA V AAC K ACC S GAA E ACA	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATC	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG GAG	CAA Q CGAJ R GAG E AAAAJ K CTC	AAA K ATG M ITC F AAC N	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC GAC	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G GGA	CGG R AAAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC	GCCC A CCCC P GTG V ATCC I AAAA	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG L GGC	GAC D GAC D ATG M GAG E GAC	ATC I GAG E KAAA K GAG E GGA GGA	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K AAC K ATC M	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCGC G CTCG L	KGAA E GAG E GAC D K AAG K CAC Q	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T	GAT D TGC. C GAC D GAG E GAG G G	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E GAG E	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG. L GAC. D	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AAGC I	GTA V AAC K ACC S GAA E ACA T	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y CACC D	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATC I	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E	EAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E	CAAI Q CGAI R GAG E AAAAI K CTC L	AAA K ATG M ITC: F AAC: N ITTT F	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D GAC D	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G GGA G GGA G	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC. D	GCCC A CCCC P GTG V AATCO I AAAA K	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG L GGC G	GAC D GAC D ATG GAG GAC D	CATC I CGAG E CAAAA K CGAG E CGGA G G G G	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L TTT F	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC I	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GGCG G CTCG L GAC	GAA E GAG E GAC D K AAG K CAC Q GAA	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC.	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T ATG	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAC E GAG E GGG G G GAA	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E GAG E TTC:	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG L GAC. D ATG	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AATC I AAG	GTA V AAGC K AGCC S GAAU E ACAU T GGAU	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG	CAG Q CTG L CACC T TAC Y GAC Q D GAT	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATC I TGG	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA	CAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E E TCT	CAAI Q CGAI R GAG E AAAAI K CTC L	AAA K ATG M ITC: F AAC: N F TTT: F STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D GAC D CCC	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGCC G GGA G GGA ATC	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC D GGA	GCCC A CCCC P GTG V ATCO I AAAA K TAT	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG CTG C C G G G G G AT	GAC D GAC D ATG GAC GAC D AAC	ATC I GAG E AAAA K GAG E GGA G G ATC	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L CTC F TAC	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC Y	GCGG A GCCC A ATTI I GGGG G CTG L GAC D	GAG E GAG E GAC D AAAG K CAC Q GAA E	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T ATG M	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG E GGG G G G G G AA E	AGAM R ATC. I GAAM E GAGM E GAGM E TTC: F	GCG A AGC. S GAT D CTG. L GAC. D ATG. M	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S ATC I AAG K	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA G	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG V	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC D GAT E	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA *	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG ATG I TGG	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA	CAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E E TCT	CAAI Q CGAI R GAG E AAAAI K CTC L ICCC	AAA K ATG M ITC F AAC F N F TTT F STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC	GAA E GGG G G ATC I GAC D CCC	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G G G G ATC	CGG R AAC N ATG M IAC Y SAC D GGA	GCC A CCCC P GTG V AATCO I AAAA K TAT	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N TAC	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG CTG G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D GAC D ATG GAC E GAC D AAC	ATC I GAG E AAAA K GAG E GGA G G ATC	TTC F CTC L CTC L CTC L TTT F	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC I AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC Y	GCCG A GCCC A ATTI I GGCG G CTG L GAC D	GAA E GAG D GAA K CAC Q GAA E	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC A TTC. F	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T ATG M	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG E GGG G GAA E	AGAM R ATC. I GAAM E GAGM E GAGM E TTC: F	GCG A AGC. S AGC. S ATG. D ATG. M	GCC A ACC T G G G ACC S A ACC I A A A C S C A A C S C A C C T C C C A C C T C C C C T C C C C	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA G	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG V	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC D GAC D GAT E	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA *	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E E TCT	CAAI Q CGAI R GAG E AAAAI K CTC L ICCC	AAA K ATG M PTC: F AAC N F TTT F STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC	GAA E GGG G G ATC I GAC D GAC D CCC	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G G ATC	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC. D SGA	GCC A CCCC P GTG V ATCC I AAAA K TAT	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N TAC	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG C CTG G G G G AT	GAC D GAC D ATG M GAC B GAC D AAC	EATC I EGAG E AAAA K GAG E GGGA G ATC	TTC F CTC L CTC E CTC L TTT F	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC I AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC Y AAC	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GGCG G CTCG CTCG L GACC D AAA	CAA E CAC E CAC D CAC C CAC C CAA	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC.	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T ATG M AAA	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAC E GGG G G G G G G G AAA E ATA	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E CAG E TTC: F CGA	CCG A AGC. S CTG L CTG L SAC. D ATG M CGT	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S AACC S A S C A S S C C T S GCC S S S C C S S S C C S S C S S C S S C S S C S S C S S C S	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA G G TTA	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG V ATA	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC D GAC D GAT E CAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R CGC R D TAA * GAG	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA	GAA E GTG V TTC F GAG E GAA GAA	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E TCT GAA	CAA Q CGAJ R GAG E AAAJ K CTC' L ICCC AAC'	AAA K ATG M PTC F AAC N F TTT F STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC GCC	GAA E GGG G G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGCC G GGA G GCG	CGG R AAAC N AATG M TAC Y SAAC D GGA	GCC A CCC P GTG V ATC I I AAAA K TAT	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N TAC	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG C CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G C C G G G C C C C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C A C C C A C C C A C C C A C C C C A C C C A C C C C A C	GAC D GAC D ATG GAC D AAC GTA	ATC I GAG E AAAA K GAG E GGA G CAA	CATC P CTC L CAC CAT	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAG I AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC Y AAC GCC	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCG G CTG G CTG D AAAA ATA	GAA E GAG E GAC D AAG K CAC Q GAA E CAA GTG	GAC D GAT D GAG E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC.	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T AACG M AAAA CTT	GAT D TGC. C GAC D GAG E GGG G G SAA E ATA	AGA R ATC. I GAA E GAG E GAG E TTC: F CGAA	GCG A AGC. S SAT D CTG. L SAC. D ATG M CGT CAA	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AATC. I AAAG K SCA CTA	GTA V AAC K ACC S GAA E ACA T GGA G G TTA TTA	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG V ATA CGC	CAG Q CTG L CACC T TAC TAC Q ACC D GAT E CAC	CTG L GGC G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATG TGG TGA	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA GAA AAC CAT	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E TCT GAAJ ATG	CAA Q CGAJ R GAG E AAAAJ K CTC L ICCC AAC Y TAAJ	AAA K M PTC F AAC N F TTT F STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC GCC ATT	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG ACA	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGCC G GGA G GCG ATC GCG	CGG R AAC N ATG M IAC J GGA GGA	GCC A CCC P GTG V ATC I AAAA K TAT ATAI CCC	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAAC N TAC AGA	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG C CTG G CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D GAC D ATG GAC D AAC GAA GAA	ATC I GAG E AAAA K GAG E GGA G G ATC CAA	CATC P CTC L CAC CTC L CTTT F CATAC	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K ATC I AAC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720
ATG M GAC D ATG M AAG K ATG M TAC Y AAC GGC TGG	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCG G CTG G CTG CTG D AAA AAA AATA	GAA E GAG D GAC D AAAG K CAC Q GAA E CAA GTG GAG	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC A TTCA F CCC TCG TTC	GTG GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T AAG M AAAA CTT GTC	GAT D TGC. C GAC D GAG E GAG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	AGAA R ATC. I GAAA E GAAA E GAAA E CAAA CCAA	CCG A AGC. S CTG. D CTG. L CTG. D ATG. M CCTA. M CCTA. I I CCTA. I I CCTG. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AACC S AACC I AAGG K CAC	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA G G TTA TAT CTT	GAG E GAG E GGC G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC D GAC D GAT E CAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC.	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA ATAA GAA	GAA E GTG V TTC F GAG GAA GAA AAC CAT	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E TCT GAA ATG	CAA Q CGA R SAG ² E AAAA K CTC ² L ICCCC AAC ² FAAA	AAA K M PTC: F AAC: F STA: STA: STA: CCC.	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC GCC ATT AGA	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG ACA	TTC F CAG Q ATG G G G ATG G G G C ATC G G C G C C ATC	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC D GGA GGG CAT	GCC A CCC P GTG V ATC I AAAA K TAT ATAT	GCCC A TCG S CGCC R GAT D AAAC N TAC AGA TTG GCT	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D ATG GAG E GAC D AAC GAA GAA GAA	EATC I GAG E GAAA K GAG E GGA G G ATC CAA TAG	TTC F CTC L CTC E CTC L CTC F TAC	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K ATC I AAC AAGC CTG	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT GCT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810
ATG M GAC D ATG M AAG K ATG M TAC Y AAC GGC TGG CCA	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCG G CTG G CTG C D AAA AATA AATC CGC	GAA E GAG E GAC D AAAG K CAC Q GAA E CAA GAG GAG	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC A TTCA F CCC. F CCC.	GTG GGC G GTG V GAA E ACG T AAG M AAAA CTTT GTC GAT	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	AGAA R ATC. I GAAA E GAGA E CAAG CAAG CAAG CGT TTT	CCG A AGC. S CTG CTG L CTG L SAC. D ATG M CGAA M CGAA M TTG STG	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AACC S AACC K SCA CTA CAAC	GTA V AAC K ACC S GAA E ACA T GGA G TTA TAT CTT GAC	GAG E GAG E GGC G G CTC D GTG GTG GTG GTG GTT	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC TAC Q ACC D GAC D GAT E CAC CTA TTT AAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC. CGT	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA ATA GAA CAC.	GAA E GTG V TTC F GAG E GAA GAA CAT AAA	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E TCT GAG A GAA A TCT	CAA Q CGAJ R GAG ² E AAAAJ K CTC ² L ICCC AAC ² AAAJ	AAA K ATG M PTC: F AAC: F STA: F STA: STA: CCC. 3GA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC GCC AATT AGA	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG ACA AGG	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G GGA G GCG ATC GCG ACA GTG	CGG R AAC N ATG M IAC J GGA ACG GGG CAT	GCCC A CCCC P GTG V ATCC I AAAA K TAT ATAA CCCC GCGG	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N TAC N TAC AGA TTG GCT	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG CTG CTG GGC GAT GGC CTT TCG	GAC D GAC D ATG GAC B GAC D AAC GTA AAC GTA AAC	EATC I GAG E GAAA K GAG E GGA G GCAA TAG GCG	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L TTT F TAC	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K ATC I AAC ATC CTG CCG	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT CTT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810 900
ATG M GAC D ATG M AAG K ATG M TAC Y AAC GGC TGG CCA	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GGCG G CTG G CTG D AAA ATA AATA AATC CGCC	GAA E GAG E CAC D CAA CAC CAA CAA CAA CAA CAA CAA C	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC. TGG TTG CTT AAC	GTG GGCC G GTG V GAA E ACG T AAGA M AAAA CTTT GTCC GATC	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAC G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	AGAA R ATC. I GAAA E GAAA E GAAA E CAAA CGT' TTTV CTGJ	CCG A AGC. S AGC. S ATG D CTG C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AACC S AACC AAAC AAAC AAAA	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA TTA TTA TTA TTA TATT CTTT GAG ATT	GAG E GAG G G G C TC C L G G TC C TC C TC C TTT	CAG Q CTG L CACC T TAC Y GAC D GAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC CGT AAA	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA ATA GAA CAC.	GAA E GTG V TTC F GAG E GAA GAA AAA CAT AAAA TCT	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E CGAG E CGAG CGC CGC TTC	CAA Q CGAA R GAGS E AAAAA K CTC? L ICCCO AAC? TAAA CAAAAATTC	AAA K ATG M PTC F AAC N F STA STA ATC. SGA STT.	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GGG A FAC GCC A TAC AAA AAC	GAA E GGGG G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG ACA AGG ATT	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G G G ATC G G G G G G G T G G T G G T	CGG R AACC N ATG M IACC J GGA ACG GGA AACG AACG	GCCC A CCCC P GTG V ATCC I AAAA K TATC K TAT ATAA GGCG GCGG	GCC A TCG S CGC R GAT D AAC N TAC N TAC SCT CTT GCG	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG C CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D ATG M GAG B GAC D AAC GTA AAC GTA AAC	ATC I CAAA K CAAA K CAAA G CAA TAC GCG TTC	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L CTC F TAC CAT F TAC	GTG V CAG Q GAG E AAG K AAC I AAC AAC CTG CCG GGA	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT CTT TAT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810 900 990
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K ATC M TAC Y AAC GGC TCG CCA TCG CCC	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCC G CTCG C CTCG D AAAA AATC CCCC GACG GACG	GAA E GAC E GAC D AAAG K CAC Q GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA	GAC D GAG E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC. TTG CTT GCCTT GCCTT	GTG GGCC G GTG V GAA E ACG T AAG M AAAA CTTY GTCY GATY GATY	GAT D TGC C GAC D GAG E GAG G G G G G ATA C TTC GAC C TTA	AGAA R ATC. I GAAA E GAAA E GAAA E CGAA CGAA CGAA CGA	CCG A AGC. S AGC. S ATG D CTG D CTG D ATG A AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S AGT S S A C S S S S A C S S S S S S S S S S	GCC A ACC T GGC G G AGC S ATC. I AAG K SCA K SCA CTA CAAC AAG	GTA V AAG K AGC S GAA E ACA T TA GGA TTA TATI CTTT GAG ATT AGC	GAG E GAG G G G C T C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CAG Q CTG L ACC T TAC Y GAC D GAC D GAT E CAC C CAC A GAC C CAC	CTG L GGG G GTG V CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC CAC CAC CAT AAAA TCG	ACG T AAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA TGA CAC. TTT TCA	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA CAT AAA AAA TCT TGT	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E CGAG E TCT ACG CGC TTC GGT	CAA Q CGAJ R GAG E AAAAJ K CTC' L ICCC AAAC' AAAA AGAA	AAA K ATG M PTC F AAC F N PTT F STA STA STA STA STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC GCC A TAC CCC ATT AAAC ATT	GAA E GGGG G ATC I GAC D CCC TAG ACA AGG ATT ATT GGA	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G G G ATC G G G C ATC G G C G C C ATC G C C ATC G C C A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CGG R AAC N ATG M IAC J GGA GGA CATG AAG AAG	GCC' A CCC' P GTG GTG V ATC' I AAAA K TAT K TAT CCC' GCGG TTA GAAG	GCC A TCG S CCC R GAT D AACON TAC N TAC SCT CTT GCC TCT	TTT F CCA F AGC S CTG G CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D ATG M GAC D AAC D AAC GAA GAA GAA GTA AAC CGG ATA	ATC I CAAA K CAAA K CAAA G G CAA TTA G CCAA TTA G CCG TTG CCGT	TTC F CTC L GAG E CTC L CTC F TAC CAT F TAC CAT	GAG Q GAG E AAG K AAG I AAG C C GGA GGA	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT CTT TAT CAT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810 900 990 1080
ATG M GAC D ATG M AAG K AAG GCC TGG CCA TGG CCC ACA	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCC G CTCG C CTCG D AAAA ATCC CGCC AGCC GAGC GAAT	GAA E GAC E GAC D AAG K CAC Q GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC. TGG TTG CTT AAC CTG	GTG V GGCC G GTG V GAA E ACG T ATG GTC GAT GAT GAT GAT	GAT D TGC. C GAC D GAG E GAG G G G G G G G G ATA C TTC G GAC TTC G GAC C TTC G GAC C D C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	AGAM R ATC. I GAAM E GAGM E GAGM E CGAM CGT TTTC CTAM CTGM CTAM	CCG A AGC. S CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG A ATG S AGT CCAA S TG S AGC CCAA S CGAA S CGAA S CGAA S CCG CCG S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	GCC A ACC T GGC G G AGC S ATC. I AAG K SCA K SCA K CTA CTAC AAGA	GTA V AAGC K AGC' S GAA T GGAA TTA TTA TTA TTA TTA TTA TTA	GAG E GAG G G G C T C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CAC Q CTC CAC T T CAC T T CAC CAC CTA T T T CAC CAC	CTG L GGG G GTG CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC. CGT AAAA TCG TTT	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA TGA ATAA GAA. CAC. TTT TCA'	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA CAT AAA AAA TCT TGT	GAG E CTG L GAG D GAG E TCT GAAJ ATC' ACG CGCJ TTCJ GGT C AACJ	CAAL Q CGAX R BAGS E AAAAJ K CTCS L ICCCO AAACS TAAA CAACS AAAA ATTX CCCCO	AAA K ATG M ITC: F AAC N ITT F STA STA STA STA STA STA STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GCG A TAC ATT GCC ATT AAAC ATT TGA	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D CCC D CCC TAG ACA AGG ATT GGA CCA	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GGC G GGA G GGA ATC G GCG ATC GTC GTC GTC	CGG R AAC N ATG M TAC Y SAC D GGA CATA AAG AACG	GCCC A CCCC P GTG GTG V ATC I AAAA K TAT ATAA CCCC GCGG TTAA GAAG CCCC	GCC A TCG S CCC R GAT D AACO N TAC SCT CTT GCC TCT ACC	TTT F CCA F AGC S CTG G CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D GAC D ATG GAG GAG GAG GAG GAG GAA C GTA AAC CGG ATA TGA	ATC I GAG E GAGA K GAG C AAAA G G G G C AAA C AAAA C C AAAA C C AAAA C C AAAA C C AAAA C C AAAA C	TTC F CTC L CAC E CTC L TTT F TAC CAT TGC TGC TGT CCTT	GAG Q GAG E AAG K AAG I AAG C TG GGA TTC	Q GAG E AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT CTT TAT CAT	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810 900 990 1080 1170
ATC M GAC D ATC M AAC K AAC GCC TCC CCA TCC CCC ACA	GCCG A GCCC A ATT I GCCG G CTC G CTC D AAA AATA AATA CCCC GAC GAC GAC GAC GAC	GAA E GAG C C C AAAG K C ACAC Q GAA E CAA GTG GAG GAG GAG GAG GAG TTG	GAC D GAT D GAC E TCA S GCC. A TTC. F CCC. TGG TTG CTT AAC CTG	GTG V GGC G GTG V GAA E AACG T AACG T AACG GTC GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT	GAT D TGC C GAC C GAC G G G G G G G G G G G G C TTA C TTA C TTA C TTA C G AATA	AGAM R ATC. I GAAM E GAGM E GAGM E CAAM CGAM CGAM CGAM CTTM CTGA CTAM	CCG A AGC. S CTG CTG L CTG L CTG C A A C CTG A A C CTG A A C CTG A A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	GCC A ACC T GGC G AGC S AGC S AACC AAGC AAAC AAAC A	GTA V AAGC K AGC S GAA E ACA T GGA G TTA TTA T CTT GAG GAA C AAT	GAG E GAG E GGC G CTC L GAC D GTG GTG TGC TTT TTT TGC TTTT	CAC Q CTC CAC T T CAC T T CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C CAC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CTG L GGG G GTG CGC R GAT D TAA * GAG CAC. CGT AAAA TCG TTT AAAA CTG	ACG T AAAG K GAC D ATG M ATG I TGG TGA TGA ATAA GAAC. TTTT TCA.	GAA E GTG V TTC F TTT F GAG E GAA E GAA A AAA TCT TGT AGA GTA	CACS E CTG L CACS D CACS D CACS E CACS CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CC	CAAL Q CGAJ R GAG E AAAAJ K CTC L ICCC AAAC TAAA CAAA AATTX CCCC AGAJ CCTJ	AAA K ATG M ITC: F AAC F N ITT F STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA	AAA K TTG L CTC L GGT G GGG A TAC ATT. AAAC. ATT. IGA CTT.	GAA E GGG G ATC I GAC D GAC D CCC TAG ACA AGG ATT GGA	TTC F CAG Q ATG M GCC G ATG G GCA ACA ACG GTG GTT. TTA	CGG R AAC N ATG M IAC J GAC J GAC J GAC G GAT AAG AAG AAG	GCCC A CCCC F GTG V ATCC I AAAA K TATC CCC' GCG GCG ACAA AGA'	GCCC A TCG S CCCC R GATT D AAAC N TAC N TAC SCT CTT GCC TCT ACCC, ICA	TTT F CCA P AGC S CTG G CTG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	GAC D GAC D ATG GAG GAG GAG GAG GAG GAA C GTA AAC CGG ATA TGA TGG	ATC I GAG E AAAA K GAG C CAA TAG GCG TTG GCG TTG GCG TCA	TTC F CTC L CAC E CTC L TTT F TAC CAT TGC CTT CCTT	GAG Q GAG E AAC K AAC I AAC CTG CCG GGA TTC TTA	Q GAG B AGC S GTG V GAT D AAC CTT GCT CTT TAT CAT TGG TAA	90 30 180 60 270 90 360 120 450 150 540 162 630 720 810 900 990 1080 1170 1260

Fig. 6. cDNA and derived amino acid sequences of the *E. japonicus* TnCs. a: *E. japonicus* TnC cDNA and the derived amino acid sequences. The broken-underlined peptides were determined directly by use of an automated protein sequencer. b: *E. japonicus*

s/cTnC cDNA and the derived amino acid sequences. The typical polyadenylation signal (AATAAA) is underlined. The arrow indicates the position of an intron.

	site I		site II	
	***********************	*******	******	
Buman f	MTDQQAEARSYLSEEMIAEFKAAFDMFD-ADGGGDIS	SVKELGTVMRMLGQTPTKEELDAI	IEEVDEDGSGTIDFEEFLVMMVRQ	83
Xenopus f	MAQPTDQQQDARSFLSEEMIAEFKAAFDMFD-TDGGGDI	STKELGTVMRMLGQTPTKEELDAI	IEEVDEDGSGTIDFEEFLVMMVRQ	86
Lamprey f	MGDEVATEAQHDARAYLNEEQIAEFKAAFDMFD-ADGGGDIS	STSELGKVMKLLGQNPTKEELDAI	IEEVDEDGSGTIDFEEFLVMMVRQ	88
Human s/c	MDDIYKAAVEQLTEEQKNEFKAAFDIFVLGAEDGCI	STKELGKVMRMLGQNPTPEELQEM	DEVDEDGSGTVDFDEFLVMMVRC	84
Xenopus s/c	MDDIYKAAVEQLTEEQKNEFRAAFDIFVQDAEDGCI	STKELGKVMRMLGQNPTPEELQEM	IDEVDEDGMGTVDFDEFLVMMVRC	84
Lamprey s/c	MAEDVDRAAVEQLTEEQKKEFRAAFDIFVQDAEDGCI	STRELGKVLRMLGQNPSPDELQEM	DEVDEDGSGTVDFDEFLIMMVRS	85
Amphioxus	MSDDYVKARVMFKEEQISEFKMAFDMFD-EDGGGDI	STRELGTIMERLGMSISREELQQM	IDEVDEDASGTIDFEEFLEMMARA	82
Ascidian	MVEHLTEDQKSEFRTCFDIFVEDTEDGTI	FAKELGKLMKMLGQNPSEQELKEM	/EEVDLDGSGTIDFEEFCLMMYRQ	79
	site III	sit	te IV	
	**********************	*** **********	*****	
Human f	MKEDAKGKSEEELAECFRIFDRNADGYIDPEELAEIF	RAS-GEHVTDEEIESLMKDGDKNNI	OGRIDFDEFLKMMEGVQ 160	
Xenopus f	MKEDAQGKSEEELAERFRIFDKNADGYIDGEELAEIL	RSS-GESITDEEIEELMKDGDKNNI	OGKIDFDEFLKMMEGVQ 163	
Lamprey f	MKEESAGQTEEELAEAFRILDTNGDGYIDRDELKDIL	LNT-GENVTDLEMDELMKDGDKNCI	OGRLDFDEFLKMMEGIAAS- 167	
Human s/c	MKDDSKGKSEEELSDLFRMFDKNADGYIDLEELKIML	DAT-GETITEDDIEELMKDGDKNNI	OGRIDYDEFLEFMKGVE 161	
Xenopus s/c	MKDDSKGKSEEELSDLFRMFDKNADGYIDFDELKMML	SAT-GETITEDDIEELMRDGDKNNI	OGRIDYDEFLEFMKGVE 161	
Lamprey s/c	MKEESKGKSEEELSELYRMFDKNGDGYIDLEELKVML	DAT-GEDITDDDIEELFADGDKNG	OGFIDYDEFMEFMKGVE 162	
Amphioxus	MQDSEREIPDDELRAAFRVLDKNGDGFIDKDEFRALA	SECAGDDLTDDELHEFMDEYDGNRI	OGRFDYEEWKEIIQELKVRW 164	
Ascidian	MQAQEEAKIPEREEKELSEAFRLFDLDGNGLIGWDELKAAL)GT-GENVETWEVDEMMADGDKNHI	SQIDYEEWVTMMKFVQ 156	

Fig. 7. Alignment of the amino acid sequences of cordate TnCs. The alignment of amino acids mainly follows the alignment of Takagi et al. (15). The four EF-hand sites (site I-site IV) are indicated by asterisks (*). For the ascidian, only the larval TnC was aligned.



Fig. 8. A phylogenetic tree of cordate TnCs constructed from the sequences aligned in Fig. 7. The rooted tree was produced with the PHYLIP package (35) and UPGMA method was used. The numbers added to the branches show the length of each branch, and the parenthesized numbers at the forks indicate the percentage of 100 bootstrap resamplings that support these topological elements.

TABLE III. Localization of introns of amphioxus, ascidian, and mammalian TnC genes.

Species (type)		Introns p	position and	l phases*	
Amphioxus	$-17/0^{b}$	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.24/0	4.21/1
Ascidian	$-10/0^{b}$	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.24/0	4.21/1
Human/mouse (fTnC)	-17/0 ^b	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.11/2	4.21/1
Human/mouse (s/cTnC)	$-10/0^{c}$	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.11/2	4.21/1

^aIntrons are designated according to Kertsinger and Nakayama (21), related to EF-hand domains. Those with identical positions in all genes are shown in **bold**. ^bJust after initiator ATG. ^c21 bp downstream after initiator ATG.

intron 5 (4.21/1) are also highly conserved among members of the TnC superfamily. The intron 3 positions are slightly different between subfamilies, but the phases are identical.

However, the positions of intron 4 are not conserved at all between subfamilies. Although the sliding mechanism is unknown, intron 4 of the TnC superfamily might have slid more easily than the other introns.

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TABLE IV. The intron positions of TnC superfamily genes (based largely on Ref. 21).

Subfamily species (type)		Positio	ns of intro	ons ^a	
TnC					
Human(f)	-17/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.11/2	4.21/1
Human(s/c)	-10/0	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.11/2	4.21/1
Amphioxus	-17/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.24/0	4.21/1
Ascidian	-10/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.24/0	4.21/1
Calmodulin					
Human(III)	-10/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.12/0	4.21/1
Rat(I,III)	-10/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.12/0	4.21/1
Rat(II)	-10/0(M)	1.01/1	-	3.12/0	4.21/1
Chicken	-10/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.12/0	4.21/1
Myosin essentia	al light chain				
Human	-09/0(M)	1.01/1	2.12/1	3 + 01/0	4.21/1
Rat(L1)	-09/0(M)	1.01/1	2.12/1	3 + 01/0	4.21/1
Rat(L4)	-08/0(M)	1.01/1	2.12/1	3 + 01/0	4.21/1
Chicken(L1)	-09/0(M)	1.01/1	2.12/1	3 + 01/0	4.21/1
Chicken(L3)	-08/0(M)	1.01/1	2.12/1	3 + 01/0	4.21/1
Spec					
Sea urchin	-12/0(M)	1.01/1	2.13/1	3.18/2	4.21/1
Parvalbumin					
Human		-	2.11/1	3.23/2	4.21/1
Rat	-	-	2.11/1	3.23/2	4.21/1

^a(M) shows the intron is inserted just after the initiation codon, ATG.

(-) shows the absence of intron.

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